1. Find all ordered pairs of integers (m, n) such that

$$\frac{1}{m}+\frac{1}{n}=\frac{1}{7}$$

2. Find the sum of the first 55 terms of the sequence

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0\\0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1\\0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1\\1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2\\0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2\\1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2\\2 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 3\\0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \dots$$

Note: For nonnegative integers n and k where  $0 \le k \le n$ ,

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$$

3. In the diagram, AD : DB = 1 : 1, BE : EC = 1 : 2, and CF : FA = 1 : 3. If the area of triangle ABC is 120, then find the area of triangle DEF.



- 4. Find the number of ordered triples of positive integers (a, b, c) such that  $a \times b \times c = 2008^2$ .
- 5. For a positive integer n, let f(n) be the sum of the first n terms of the sequence

 $0, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, \dots, r, r, r + 1, r + 1, \dots$ 

For example, f(5) = 0 + 1 + 1 + 2 + 2 = 6.

- (a) Find a formula for f(n).
- (b) Prove that f(s+t) f(s-t) = st for all positive integers s and t, where s > t.